

2022年度 聖学院高等学校 一般選抜入学試験

時間60分 100点満点

# 英 語

## 受験上の注意

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
2. 実施時間は60分で、100点満点です。時間配分に注意して解答してください。
3. 解答は解答用紙にていねいに記入してください。
4. 解答用紙・問題用紙両方に、受験番号、座席番号、名前を記入してください。座席番号は、机に貼ってある番号のことです。
5. 試験中は携帯電話の電源を必ず切ってください。
6. 私語や物の貸し借りなどは認めていません。困ったことがある場合は、手をあげて先生に相談し、その指示に従ってください。

受験番号 \_\_\_\_\_ 座席番号 \_\_\_\_\_

名 前 \_\_\_\_\_

聖学院高等学校

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[Part 1]

I. 大文字で示されている語と一番意味の近いものを(A)～(D)から選びなさい。

1) INSTRUMENT

- (A) tool
- (B) talent
- (C) fashion
- (D) nation

2) CONFERENCE

- (A) communication
- (B) exercise
- (C) meeting
- (D) direction

3) BRANCH

- (A) grass
- (B) connection
- (C) engine
- (D) section

4) HUGE

- (A) silly
- (B) single
- (C) giant
- (D) gentle

5) PRIVATE

- (A) portable
- (B) particular
- (C) principal
- (D) personal

- 6) STANDARD  
(A) reasonable  
(B) normal  
(C) original  
(D) mild
- 7) PROVIDE  
(A) supply  
(B) suffer  
(C) announce  
(D) attract
- 8) REALIZE  
(A) order  
(B) request  
(C) tend  
(D) recognize
- 9) REPLACE  
(A) change  
(B) reduce  
(C) skip  
(D) appreciate
- 10) RELEASE  
(A) buy  
(B) free  
(C) set  
(D) avoid

II. 空所に入る適切なものを(A)～(D)から選びなさい。

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ I prefer tea, I usually drink coffee at work.  
(A) Because  
(B) When  
(C) Although  
(D) However
- 2) A : I don't have enough time to finish my homework because of the cultural festival.  
B : So, ( ), you cannot finish it by Friday?  
(A) in addition  
(B) on the other hand  
(C) in other words  
(D) by contrast
- 3) Peter had no time ( ) his favorite TV show last night because he was busy doing his homework.  
(A) to watch  
(B) watches  
(C) was watching  
(D) watched
- 4) Mikio is a funny guy. The stories he tells always make us ( ).  
(A) to laugh  
(B) laugh  
(C) laughing  
(D) laughed
- 5) A : I'm excited about our trip to Okinawa next week, Mom.  
B : Me, too. Don't forget ( ) a cap because it's going to be really sunny.  
(A) bringing  
(B) bring  
(C) brought  
(D) to bring

6) Before the discussion, the students could talk for no ( ) than five minutes at a time.

- (A) much
- (B) most
- (C) many
- (D) more

7) Ben's computer broke last week, but he doesn't have enough money to buy a new one now. He wishes he ( ) rich, so he could buy a new computer.

- (A) is
- (B) are
- (C) were
- (D) has been

8) Mom, I'll go to bed when this TV program ( ).

- (A) end
- (B) ends
- (C) will end
- (D) ended

9) Hey, you ( ) good in a dress.

- (A) sound
- (B) hear
- (C) look
- (D) see

10) The teacher told some students ( ) made mistakes to stay after class.

- (A) which
- (B) who
- (C) whose
- (D) whom

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[Part 2]

I. 次の英文を読み、あとの各問いに答えなさい。

Plastic is a big problem for the world. It is causing a lot of damage to our environment. It is \*polluting rivers and oceans and polluting and killing wildlife. Plastic is a growing problem because it takes hundreds of years to break down. Many companies around the world are trying to replace plastic with other things. \*Coca-Cola has worked with a \*Danish company called the Paper Bottle Company ("Paboco" for short) to make a paper bottle. Coca-Cola hopes to completely stop using plastic for its drinks bottles. It was ranked as the world's number one plastic polluter in 2019. In one year, it uses around three million tons of plastic packaging. A lot of this is not recycled.

Paboco asked us to: "Imagine that all plastic packaging in your store has disappeared." Coca-Cola \*executives are imagining this. One Coca-Cola executive said: "Our vision is to create a paper bottle that can be recycled like any other type of paper. A paper bottle opens up a whole new world of packaging possibilities. We believe that paper packaging has a role to play in the future." He added that he hopes Coca-Cola will one day use only packaging from \*renewable sources that are recyclable. He said, "This is all part of our journey to find the most sustainable packaging ways for people to enjoy our drinks in a way that is right for them, and that is right for our planet."

注 pollute 汚染する Coca-Cola コカ・コーラ(飲料メーカー)  
Danish デンマークの executive 会社の役員  
renewable source 再生可能な資源

“Coca-Cola tests a paper bottle” *Breaking News English*, 17<sup>th</sup> March, 2021

<https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2103/210317-paper-bottle.html>

(最終アクセス日 2021 年 12 月 23 日)

① 次の 1~5 の文を完成させるのに最も適切なものを選び、その番号を答えなさい。

1) Coca-Cola was ranked as the world's largest plastic polluter

(A) in 2018 (B) in 2019 (C) in 2017 (D) in 2020



2) According to a Coca-cola executive,

- (A) they will create less-sugar drinks that are right for our planet.
- (B) they will recycle all their plastic bottles in the future.
- (C) they will replace their plastic bottles with paper ones in the future.
- (D) they will invent a new drink with a Danish company in the future.

3) According to the passage,

- (A) plastic is a big problem because it takes long years to disappear.
- (B) paper bottles are a big problem because they need a lot of trees.
- (C) Coca-Cola's drink is a big problem for young people because it contains a lot of sugar.
- (D) Paboco is a big problem because it spends three million tons of plastic packaging.

4) It is true that Paboco is

- (A) a company that sells drinks around the world.
- (B) a company that studies renewable sources.
- (C) a company that was ranked as the largest plastic polluter in the world.
- (D) a company that develops paper bottles.

5) According to the passage, Coca-cola tries to

- (A) create a packaging that is good for both our life and the earth.
- (B) make a drink that is good for our health.
- (C) be the largest paper bottle company.
- (D) save wildlife in the rivers and oceans.

②下線部 Plastic is a big problem for the world について、次の問いに英語で答えなさい。

How would you solve this problem? Write your own idea. Write more than 25 words.

## II. 以下の都市に関する英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。

Between 1990 and 2016, people living in slums became about a half. Unfortunately, this improvement was largely \*offset by population growth and \*rural-to-urban migration. Today, more than 1 billion people live in so-called "inner cities", the central part of cities that has many problems, and over half of those are living in Asian countries. Many of the urban people breathe bad air and have limited access to health systems and open public spaces. We have to improve this situation as soon as possible. In some areas, high \*unemployment and crime rates \*scare middle-income people, so they move to \*suburban residential areas. It makes the situation worse.

Keep working to improve this situation together with various \*stakeholders is necessary to make cities more sustainable.

注 offset 相殺する rural-to-urban migration 農村から都市への人口流入  
unemployment and crime rate 失業率と犯罪率 scare おびえさせる  
suburban residential area 郊外の住宅地 stakeholder 利害関係者

本間正人、山本美シェールのぞみ『やさしい英語でSDGs!』、合同出版、2021年、72頁

### 設問（英文で答えなさい）

- 1) What improvement happened in the past 20 years?
- 2) Why do middle-income people live in suburban residential areas?
- 3) あなたがこのような inner city の市長だとしたら、その問題をどのように解決しますか。解決策のうち1つを選び、その理由を50語以上の英語で書きなさい。

#### SOLUTIONS

1: use clean energy like solar power to stop air pollution

大気汚染を止めるため、太陽光のようなクリーン・エネルギーを使う

2: rebuild the town by breaking old houses and expanding the roads

古い家を壊したり、道路を拡張したりして、町を建設しなおす

3: put monitoring cameras and increase the number of police officers to reduce crimes

監視カメラや警察官を増やし、犯罪を減らす

4: others (You can make your own plan.)

その他(上記以外のプランを自分で考えても良い)

問題は以上です。

